



Retail Sales Index and Food & Beverage Services Index

August 2022

KEY INDICATORS OF RETAIL TRADE					
	Year-on-Year TOTAL RETAIL SALES Excluding Motor Vehicles + 16.2%		Month-on-Month (Seasonally adjusted) • - 1.3% • - 1.8%		
	TOTAL	Sales Value	Online Sales Proportion		
	RETAIL SALES Excluding Motor Vehicles	\$3.8 Billion \$3.4 Billion	12.5% 14.1%		
ONLINE SALES PROPORTION (out of the total sales of the respective industry)	Supermarkets & Hypermarkets 14.1%	Computer & Telecommunications Equipment 51.6%	Furniture & Household Equipment 32.1%		

KEY INDICATORS OF FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICES					
	TOTAL FOOD & BEVERAGE SALES	Year-on-Year	Month-on-Month (Seasonally adjusted)		
		▲ + 40.2%	▼ - 0.2%		
6	TOTAL FOOD & BEVERAGE SALES	Sales Value	Online Sales		
		\$928 Million	Proportion 25.7%		

OVERVIEW – RETAIL TRADE

On a year-on-year basis, retail sales increased 13.0% in August 2022, following the 13.9% increase in July 2022. Excluding motor vehicles, retail sales rose 16.2%, extending the 18.4% increase in July 2022. The year-on-year increase in retail sales was partly attributed to larger growths in industries such as Wearing Apparel & Footwear, Food & Alcohol and Department Stores. On a seasonally adjusted basis, retail sales fell 1.3% in August 2022 over the previous month. Excluding motor vehicles, seasonally adjusted retail sales fell 1.8% compared to July 2022.

The estimated total retail sales value in August 2022 was \$3.8 billion. Of this, online retail sales made up an estimated 12.5%, compared to the 12.6% recorded in July 2022. Excluding motor vehicles, the total retail sales value was about \$3.4 billion, of which 14.1% came from online retail sales. Online retail sales of the Computer & Telecommunications Equipment, Furniture & Household Equipment and Supermarkets & Hypermarkets industries made up 51.6%, 32.1% and 14.1% of the total sales of their respective industry.

Year-on-Year Change (at Current Prices)

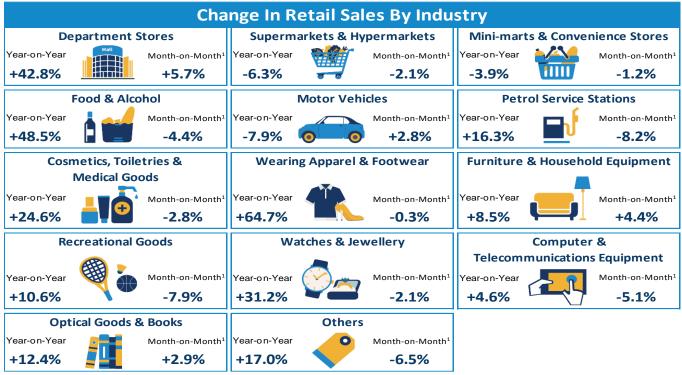
Within the retail trade sector, most industries recorded year-on-year increases in sales in August 2022. The Wearing Apparel & Footwear industry recorded a year-on-year increase in sales of 64.7%, partly attributed to higher demand for bags and footwear. Similarly, sales of Food & Alcohol, Department Stores and Watches & Jewellery increased between 31.2% and 48.5%.

In contrast, sales of Motor Vehicles fell 7.9%, which corresponded to the lower Certificate of Entitlement (COE) quota this year. Supermarkets & Hypermarkets and Mini-Marts & Convenience Stores recorded declines in sales of 6.3% and 3.9% respectively.

Month-on-Month Change (at Current Prices, Seasonally Adjusted)

On a seasonally adjusted month-on-month basis, most industries recorded declines in sales in August 2022. The Petrol Service Stations, Recreational Goods and Computer & Telecommunications Equipment industries saw declines in sales of between 5.1% and 8.2%.

In contrast, sales of Department Stores and Furniture & Household Equipment increased 5.7% and 4.4% respectively during this period.



¹ Seasonally adjusted

OVERVIEW – FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICES

Sales of food & beverage (F&B) services grew by 40.2% in August 2022 on a year-on-year basis, extending the 41.9% increase in July 2022. The significant growth in F&B sales in August 2022 was mainly attributed to the low base in August 2021, when there were stricter restrictions on dining-in at F&B establishments². On a seasonally adjusted basis, sales of F&B services fell 0.2% in August 2022 over the previous month.

The total sales value of F&B services in August 2022 was estimated at \$928 million. Of this, online F&B sales made up an estimated 25.7%, compared to the 26.2% recorded in July 2022.

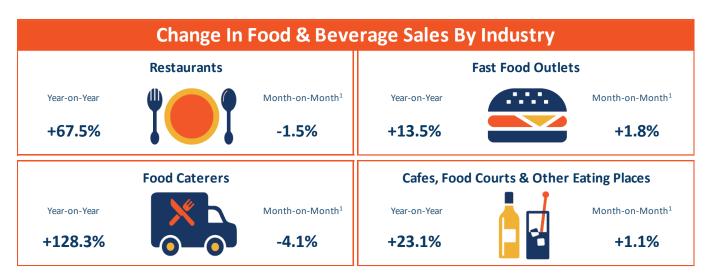
Year-on-Year Change (at Current Prices)

All F&B services industries recorded year-on-year increases in sales in August 2022, due to the low base last year when restrictions on dining-in at F&B establishments² were in place. Food Caterers recorded the largest growth in sales of 128.3%, due mainly to higher demand for both event and in-flight catering with the easing of restrictions on largescale events and international travel. Similarly, turnover of Restaurants increased 67.5% while sales of Cafes, Food Courts & Other Eating Places and Fast Food Outlets rose 23.1% and 13.5% respectively during this period.

Month-on-Month Change (at Current Prices, Seasonally Adjusted)

On a seasonally adjusted month-on-month basis, turnover of Food Caterers and Restaurants declined 4.1% and 1.5% respectively in August 2022.

Conversely, sales of Fast Food Outlets and Cafes, Food Courts & Other Eating Places rose 1.8% and 1.1% respectively during this period.



¹ Seasonally adjusted

² In 2021, dine-in was suspended from 1 to 9 August 2021 and subsequently allowed at most places for groups of up to 5 vaccinated persons from 10 August 2021. In August 2022, there were no dine-in restrictions (for vaccinated persons).

RETAIL SALES INDEX AND FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICES INDEX AUGUST 2022

	Year-on-Year Change		Month-on-Month Change (Seasonally Adjusted)			
Industry	at Current Prices		at Current Prices			
	Jul 22/ Jul 21	Aug 22/ Aug 21	Jul 22/ Jun 22	Aug 22/ Jul 22		
Total	13.9	13.0	0.7	-1.3		
Total (excl Motor Vehicles)	18.4	16.2	0.6	-1.8		
Department Stores	42.6	42.8	-3.6	5.7		
Supermarkets & Hypermarkets	-5.7	-6.3	4.5	-2.1		
Mini-marts & Convenience Stores	-5.4	-3.9	0.2	-1.2		
Food & Alcohol	52.8	48.5	2.8	-4.4		
Motor Vehicles	-13.3	-7.9	1.7	2.8		
Petrol Service Stations	23.8	16.3	-10.8	-8.2		
Cosmetics, Toiletries & Medical Goods	25.5	24.6	0.9	-2.8		
Wearing Apparel & Footwear	68.6	64.7	0.2	-0.3		
Furniture & Household Equipment	10.2	8.5	4.1	4.4		
Recreational Goods	18.9	10.6	-2.3	-7.9		
Watches & Jewellery	42.2	31.2	-0.8	-2.1		
Computer & Telecommunications Equipment	4.0	4.6	3.5	-5.1		
Optical Goods & Books	8.3	12.4	-6.8	2.9		
Others	16.9	17.0	4.1	-6.5		

Table 1 Percentage Change of Retail Sales Index (2017=100)

Table 2 Percentage Change of Food & Beverage Services Index (2017=100)

	Year-on-Year Change		Month-on-Month Change (Seasonally Adjusted)	
Industry	at Current Prices		at Current Prices	
	Jul 22/ Jul 21	Aug 22/ Aug 21	Jul 22/ Jun 22	Aug 22/ Jul 22
Total	41.9	40.2	0.1	-0.2
Restaurants	77.0	67.5	-1.3	-1.5
Fast Food Outlets	11.1	13.5	-0.2	1.8
Food Caterers	133.0	128.3	12.2	-4.1
Cafes, Food Courts & Other Eating Places	22.0	23.1	-0.7	1.1

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

The Retail Sales Index (RSI) and Food & Beverage Services Index (FSI) measure the short-term performance of the retail trade and food & beverage (F&B) services industries based on the sales records of retail trade and F&B services establishments respectively. Sales figure refers to the value of retail goods or food & beverages sold to consumers during the month, excluding taxes on products such as Goods and Services Tax (GST), Additional Registration Fee (ARF) and Certificates of Entitlement (COE).

The RSI and FSI are available at current prices and in volume terms. The indices at current prices measure the changes of sales values which can result from changes in both price and quantity, while the indices in volume terms measure the changes in the volume of economic activity by removing the price effect.

Data Collection

Data used to compile the RSI and FSI are obtained primarily from the monthly surveys of retail trade and F&B services establishments. Retail trade establishments sell merchandise directly to the consumers, while F&B services establishments sell prepared food and drinks for consumption on premises or on a take-away basis.

Index Compilation

To derive the RSI and FSI at detailed industry level, the monthly sales for that industry is divided by the average monthly sales for the same industry in the reference year. The overall RSI and FSI are then computed by combining the sales indices of the detailed industries, using weights which measure each industry's relative importance in the overall retail trade and F&B services industries respectively. To derive the indices in chained volume terms, the sales indices at current prices at detailed industry level are first deflated by the appropriate price indices. These component indices are then weighted using previous years' weights to derive the overall indices in chained volume terms. The reference year of the indices is 2017.

Online Retail and Food & Beverage Sales Proportions

The retail trade statistics covers:

- (a) (multi-channel) retailers in Singapore that sell via both physical stores and online/e-commerce sites;
- (b) retailers in Singapore that sell via physical stores only; and
- (c) retailers in Singapore that sell mainly via online/ecommerce sites.

The food & beverage services statistics covers all sales transactions of F&B establishments regardless of mode (including those transacted via food delivery platforms).

The proportion of online retail and F&B sales³ out of the respective industry's total retail and F&B sales is estimated for the overall retail trade sector, selected retail industries and the overall food & beverage services sector.

Seasonal Adjustment

Seasonal effects are observed in both the RSI and FSI as there are usually intra-year periodic variations that repeat during the fixed period of time every year. To better reflect the underlying trend of the monthly sales, both indices are seasonally adjusted to remove the seasonal effects.

³ Online retail and F&B sales refers to the sales of goods where the order is received and the price and terms of sale are agreed upon via online means, e.g. through company's website, third-party websites, online marketplaces, food delivery platforms or mobile applications. Payment and delivery may or may not be made online.



More data are available on the SingStat Website at go.gov.sg/services-latest-data

or through the QR code below.



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