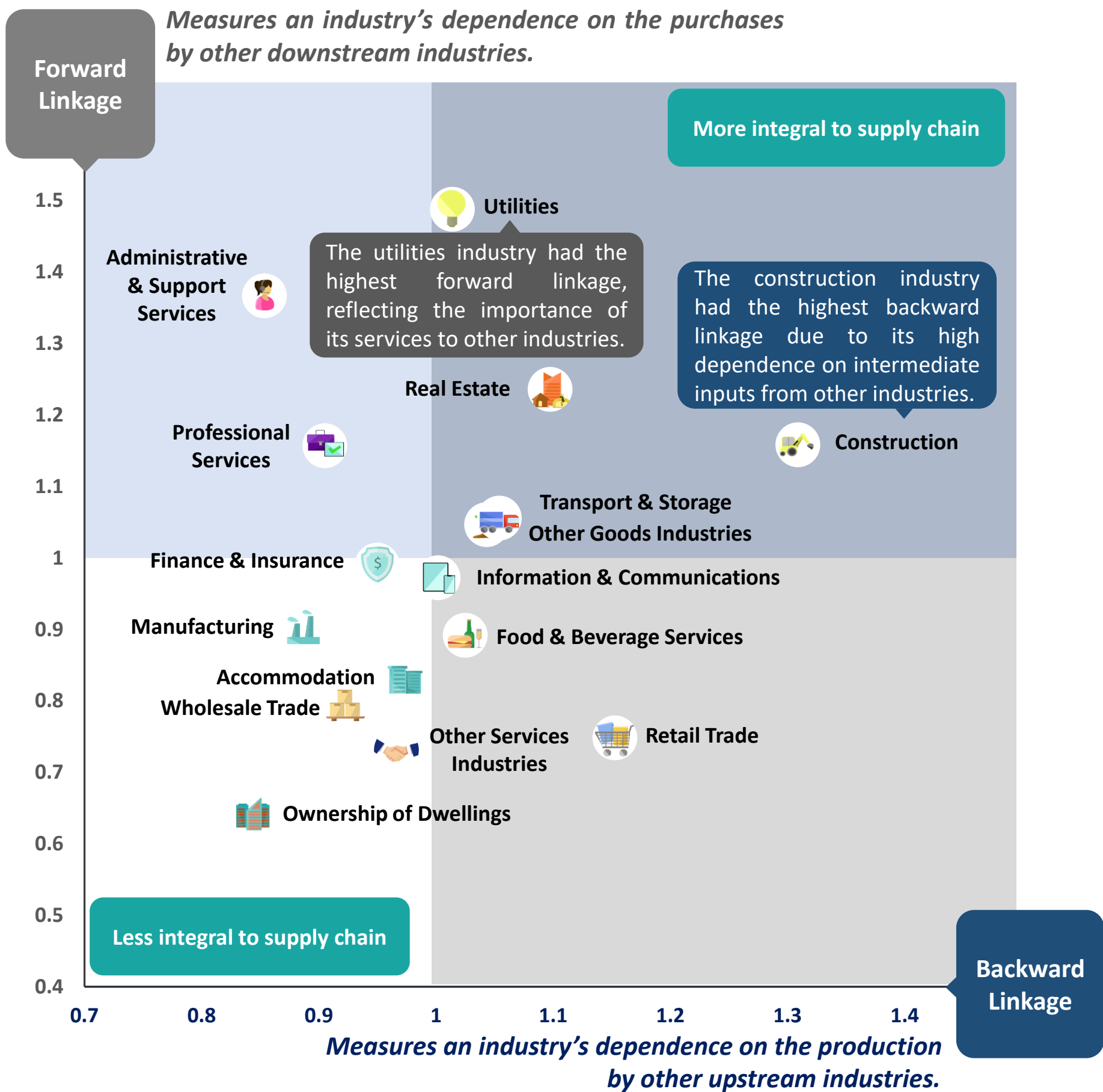


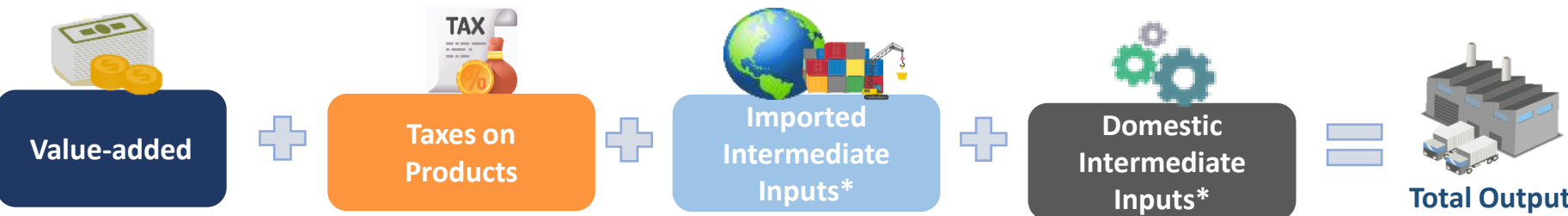
# Linkages at a Glance (2019)

An industry's linkage measures the degree of its inter-dependence with other industries. For example, industries in the top-right quadrant in the chart are more dependent on intermediate inputs from upstream industries and are also important sources of supply to downstream industries.



# Multipliers at a Glance (2019)

An industry's multiplier measures the overall impact on the economy resulting from a \$1 change in the Final Demand for its Output. Using the Food & Beverage (F&B) Services as an example, a \$1 increase in final demand for F&B Services generated \$1.58 of output in the economy in 2019. Assuming the multipliers for serving of coffee were the same as F&B services, every \$1 increase in a customer's order for a cup of coffee in a coffeeshop would lead the coffeeshop to produce an additional \$1 of Output, which was the direct effect. For the coffeeshop to fulfill the order, it would require an additional \$0.58 of inputs such as coffee beans and milk from other industries, which was the indirect effect. In total, \$1.58 of total Output would be generated in the economy arising from a \$1 increase in coffee consumption in the coffeeshop.



\*Imported and domestically produced goods and services used as inputs for production